



MARCH 2016

NUMBER & LOGIC

**Instructions to candidates:**

- a) Time allowed: Three hours (plus an extra ten minutes' reading time at the start – do not write anything during this time)
- b) Answer any FIVE questions
- c) All questions carry equal marks. Marks for parts of questions are shown in [ ]
- d) In numerical questions, candidates must show and explain the method of working to obtain full marks
- e) Non-programmable calculators are permitted in this examination. Calculators should be used in all the non-binary questions. However, ensure that you write down all intermediate values obtained from a calculator. Always explain in words what you are calculating
- f) Ensure that you leave numeric answers in the format required by the question
- g) Ensure that you pay particular attention to words underlined, in CAPITALS or in **bold**. FEW OR NO MARKS will be awarded to any question where these are ignored
- h) No computer equipment, books or notes may be used in this examination

1. X, Y and Z are binary integers as follows:

$$X = 101101 \quad Y = 101 \quad Z = 10101$$

Showing all stages of working, perform the following calculations IN BINARY. You are advised to space out numbers so that they are in strict columns.

- a) Find  $X + Y + Z$ . [3]
- b) Find  $X - Z$ . [2]
- c) Find  $Y \times Z$ . [4]
- d) Find  $X / Z$ . Leave your answer accurate to 3 binary places. [4]
- e) Convert X and Z to decimal and show that your answers to b) and d) are correct. [4]
- f) IF the decimal number 24.68 is to be converted to binary as accurately as possible, how many BINARY places would be needed? Explain your answer. [3]

2. a) Consider the decimal values of the contents of the three memory locations P, Q and R.

$$P = 0110\ 0000\ 0011\ 1000$$

$$Q = 1011\ 0000\ 1100\ 1000$$

$$R = 0110\ 1010\ 0000\ 1010$$

- i Calculate the decimal value of the contents of P if it holds a midpoint fractional value with the binary point assumed to be in the middle. Give the fractional part as a fraction in its lowest cancelled form. [4]
  - ii Calculate the decimal value of the contents of Q if the value is held in two's complement binary form. [4]
  - iii Calculate the decimal value of the contents of R if the value is held in floating point form with the left 10 bits used for the mantissa and the right 6 bits for the exponent. [4]
- b) The table shows the contents of memory of a computer (given in hexadecimal addresses) at a particular instance in time.

	START ADDRESS	END ADDRESS
Program A	0	39FF
Program B	?	?
Program C	7700	ACFF

- i Calculate the start and end addresses for program B if the three programs are held one after another without any gaps. [2]
- ii Calculate the size of program B in both hexadecimal AND decimal. [4]
- iii A second copy of program B is loaded immediately after program C. Determine the hexadecimal address of the end of that program. [2]

*continued overleaf*

3. a) Write down an algorithm (for example pseudocode or flowchart) for converting **any** decimal number to binary. [8]  
 b) Showing relevant working, convert the following:  
 i Hex value 17FB into decimal [4]  
 ii Decimal 4321 into hex [4]  
 iii Binary string 00110010 into decimal [2]  
 iv Hex value E9 into binary [2]

4. a) The equation  $x^4 + x^2 - 80 = 0$  has three solutions.  
 i Using a calculator and the iterative formula given below, determine the solution near to  $x = 3$  to five decimal places. You should show all working and all intermediate values towards the final answer.  

$$x_1 = x_0 - (x_0^4 + x_0^2 - 80) / (4x_0^3 + 2x_0)$$
  
 ii Explain how you know that this answer is correct to five decimal places. [15]  
 b) Explain why iterative methods to solve equations are beneficial to the mathematician/scientist. [5]

5. a) State a rule for multiplying matrices. [2]  
 b) State a rule for addition or subtraction of matrices. [2]  
 c) Add the matrices A and B [2]

$$A = \begin{vmatrix} 203 & 10 \\ -12 & 20 \end{vmatrix} \quad B = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -3 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

- d) Subtract the matrix N **from** matrix M (i.e.  $M - N$ ) [2]

$$M = \begin{vmatrix} 22 & 18 \\ -12 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \quad N = \begin{vmatrix} 14 & 26 \\ -8 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

- e) Perform matrix multiplication  $P \times Q$  [6]

$$P = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \quad Q = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -3 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

- f) Multiply the matrices X and Y below [6]

$$X = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 8 \\ 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \quad Y = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 9 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

6. a) An item incurs a **loss** of 5% by selling for £114. At what price should the item be sold to earn 5% **profit**? Show your working. [6]  
 b) A company uses large quantities of “widgets” and buys a consignment several times each year. Every year 30,000 widgets are used. One widget costs £20 and, in addition, there is a handling charge of £40 for each order. A handling/carrying cost of 12% per item is also applied. The company wishes to order as economically as possible.  
 i Explain what is meant by EOQ (Economic Order Quantity), stating what factors are taken into account. [2]  
 ii Write down the formula for calculating EOQ and calculate the EOQ for this product. [6]  
 c) £1,000 is invested for 3 years at an investment rate of 5%.  
 i Calculate the simple interest on this amount. [2]  
 ii Calculate the compound interest on the same investment. [4]

7. a) The following table shows the grouped data of sales for a particular product across 50 stores:

<b>Number of Stores</b>	2	5	25	10	8
<b>Total Sales</b>	120 to 130	130 to 140	140 to 150	150 to 160	160 to 170

Calculate the following and in EACH case show all working and reasoning:

- i The arithmetic mean [4]  
 ii The standard deviation [6]  
 iii Explain what the standard deviation represents [2]
- b) The frequency table below shows the results of 8 questions in a school quiz:

<b>Question</b>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Number of Correct Answers</b>	4	6	7	14	10	8	7	4

Showing ALL working, determine:

- i the mean number of correct answers achieved [1]  
 ii the range of number of correct answers [1]  
 iii the median number of correct answers [3]
- c) Explain what is meant by the **modal value** of a set of data – give an example to illustrate your explanation. [3]

8. a) 200 holidaymakers were asked whether they had visited any of these three countries – Austria, Belgium and Croatia.

- 30 people have not visited any of these countries
- 10 people have been to all three countries
- 25 people have been to Belgium and Austria
- 20 people have been to Croatia and Austria but not to Belgium
- 65 people have been to exactly two of the countries
- 165 people have been to Croatia or to Belgium
- 120 people have been to Belgium or to Austria

- i Draw a Venn diagram to represent this data. [4]  
 ii Use your diagram to calculate: [6]
- the number of people who had only visited Austria
  - the number of people who had only visited Belgium
  - the number of people who had only visited Croatia
- b) If a coin is flipped 3 times, what is the probability of getting two tails and one head? Show your working. [6]
- c) Two dice are rolled and the results are added together.
- i Find the probability that their sum is an odd number. [2]  
 ii Find the probability that their sum is greater than 6. [2]